

GCE

Chemistry A

Advanced GCE

Unit F324: Rings, Polymers and Analysis

Mark Scheme for January 2012

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Annotations available in Scoris.

Annotation	Meaning
[44]	Benefit of doubt given
[न•]:	Contradiction
×	Incorrect response
144	Error carried forward
	Ignore
[MA	Not answered question
NEC	Benefit of doubt not given
[III]	Power of 10 error
A	Omission mark
1)-	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
V	Correct response

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Abbreviations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Annotations should be placed to clearly show where they apply within the body of the text (i.e. not in margins) for:

Question 1 c(iii)

Question 2 a(i), (b)

Question 3 a(i), a(ii), b(i)

Question 4 b(ii), (c)

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Questi	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1 (a)	(i)	The pH OR point at which the zwitterion exists ✓	1	ALLOW pH/point at which there is no overall/net charge IGNORE pH/point at which there is no charge/ neutral charge ie overall/net is required ALLOW pH/point at which contains COO ⁻ AND NH ₃ ⁺
	(ii)	H_3 N \longrightarrow C	2	ALLOW CH ₃ CH(NH ₃) ⁺ COO ⁻ ALLOW CH ₃ CH(NH ₃) ⁺ COOH ALLOW CO ₂ ⁻ and CO ₂ H ALLOW + charge on N or H: ie ⁺ NH ₃ or NH ₃ ⁺ DO NOT ALLOW '- charge on C: ie ⁻ COO DO NOT ALLOW H or CH ₃ missing ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous

G	uest	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	(a)	(iii)	pH < 3: COOH ✓		ALLOW carboxyl group OR carboxylic acid DO NOT ALLOW 'acid' OR just 'carboxylic' (without 'acid')
			pH > 10: NH ₂ ✓	2	ALLOW amino group OR amine
					DO NOT ALLOW if give correct formula but wrong name or correct name and wrong formula eg NH ₂ and amide
					IF any carbon chain is shown attached to BOTH functional groups ALLOW 1 mark eg CH ₂ COOH AND CH ₂ NH ₂ for 1 mark CH ₃ COOH AND CH ₃ NH ₂ for 1 mark RCOOH AND RNH ₂ for 1 mark
					IF functional groups are shown the wrong way round, ALLOW 1 mark i.e. NH ₂ COOH
	(b)		H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O		DO NOT ALLOW more repeat units IGNORE brackets and 'n' ALLOW end bonds shown as DO NOT ALLOW if end bonds are missing
			peptide link must be fully displayed, i.e. O		ALLOW terminal N–H on right (OR C=O on left), ie H O H O C C N C N C N CH ₂ OH H CH ₂ OH H
			TWO repeat units shown correctly ✓	2	IF peptide bond is shown not displayed, i.e. CONH, 2nd mark can still be awarded

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Q	uest	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	(c)	(i)	There is no chiral carbon OR there is no asymmetry in the molecule ✓	1	ALLOW there is no asymmetric carbon OR it has no non-superimposable mirror image OR there are not four different atoms/groups of atoms (attached to carbon) OR there are only three different atoms/groups of atoms (attached to carbon) OR because there are two hydrogen atoms on the carbon
		(ii)	COOH COOH CH ₂ SH HSH ₂ C NH ₂	2	ALLOW Add the same 3-D structure repeated but with 2 groups 'swapped' as after rotation the 2nd isomer is a mirror image of the first, i.e. COOH COOH COOH CH ₂ SH CH ₂ S

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
			For bond into plane of paper, ALLOW: """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""

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	Quest	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	(c)	(iii)	Disadvantages:		ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED
			any two from:		
			 (one stereoisomer might have harmful/adverse) side effects√ 		IGNORE harmful/adverse effects only
			• reduces the (pharmacological) activity/effectiveness ✓		ALLOW a response that implies an increased dose
			 cost of separating stereoisomers OR difficulty in separating stereoisomers ✓ 	2	IGNORE it takes time to separate
			Synthesis of a single optical isomer any two from:		
			 using enzymes or bacteria ✓ 		ALLOW biological catalysts
			 using (chemical) chiral synthesis OR using chiral catalysts ✓ 	2	ALLOW chiral transition metal complex/catalyst OR stereoselective transition metal complex/catalyst
			using (natural) chiral molecules/compounds ✓		ALLOW 'chiral pool' OR L-amino acids / D-sugars
			Quality of Written Communication For full marks to be awarded for this question chiral OR enzyme OR bacteria OR catalyst must be spelled correctly at least once in the correct context		

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(Questi	ion		Answe	er		Mark	Guidance
1	(d)		amino acid number of peaks	isoleucine 6 ✓	leucine 5 ✓	tyrosine 7 ✓	3	1 mark for each number
	(e)		HN O valine anhyd	ride	proline and	hydride	2	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous Common errors: Look for NH ₂ on first structure and NH on second structure
						Total	19	

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2 (a) (i)	Response requires three stages		Acceptable sequence of stages are:
	Mark according to which sequence chosen. Stage 1 organic product: OR NO2 chemicals: Cl ₂ AND AICl ₃ OR HNO ₃ AND H ₂ SO ₄ Stage 2		ALLOW C ₆ H ₅ NO ₂ OR C ₆ H ₅ CI OR C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂ ALLOW NO ₂ — AND NH ₂ — DO NOT ALLOW ClC ₆ H ₄ NO ₂ (formula ambiguous) DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae IGNORE any additional structures shown eg 2- (ortho) and 3- (meta) substituted isomers In chemicals boxes, IGNORE temperatures IGNORE 'catalyst' For chlorination chemicals, ALLOW Cl ₂ AND FeCl ₃ OR Cl ₂ AND Fe OR Cl ₂ AND halogen carrier
	organic product: CI——NO ₂ OR —NH ₂ chemicals: HNO ₃ AND H ₂ SO ₄ OR Sn AND HCI ✓ Stage 3 chemicals: CI ₂ AND AICI ₃ OR Sn AND HCI ✓	5	For nitration chemicals, 'concentrated' not required for HNO ₃ OR H ₂ SO ₄ BUT DO NOT ALLOW 'dilute' For reduction chemicals, 'concentrated' HCl not required but DO NOT ALLOW 'dilute' For Sn/HCl ALLOW addition of NaOH also IF it is clear that it is a second step BUT DO NOT ALLOW Sn AND HCl AND NaOH IGNORE catalyst

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2 (a) (ii)	diazonium ion CI——N≡N N N≡N group MUST be displayed		ALLOW '+' sign up to halfway along triple bond from left-hand N IGNORE presence of Cl ⁻ DO NOT ALLOW Cl ⁻ - substituent on benzene ring DO NOT ALLOW: Cl - N ₂ ⁺
	azo dye CI N N OH -N=N- group MUST be displayed	2	In azo dye, ALLOW as alternative to phenol OH group: O^ OR O^Na^ OR ONa ALLOW phenol part substituted at any carbon (ie 2,3 or 4 position for –OH) i.e. HO OH IGNORE geometry/shape, i.e. ALLOW —N=N— Mark independently DO NOT ALLOW if CI— is missing from benzene ring in EITHER

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2 (b)	mark 2 δ		ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED mark 1 – curly arrow from π -delocalised ring in benzene to $S^{\delta+}$ in $SO_3 \checkmark$ ALLOW curly arrow from the ring OR from within the ring mark 2 – curly arrow from one S=O double bond to the O (to produce a S-O ⁻) \checkmark ALLOW curly arrow to any O in SO_3 mark 3 – intermediate showing delocalisation over 5 carbons \checkmark Intermediate must have correct SO_3^- structure FULLY displayed DO NOT ALLOW intermediate with broken ring less than halfway up in correct orientation: mark 4 – curly arrow from C-H bond reforming π - delocalised ring in benzene \checkmark Stand alone mark IGNORE responses after STEP 2

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	Questi	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
					ALLOW Kekulé mechanism mark 2
2	(c)	(i)	Various possibilities, eg: Br OH Br OH		ALLOW 1, 2, 3 or 4 Br atoms substituted on phenol ring at carbon atoms 2, 3, 5 or 6 BUT –OH must be in correct position shown DO NOT ALLOW O ⁻ or ONa ALLOW for side chain: CH ₃ CONH but aromatic part of structure must be shown IGNORE any additional inorganic products in boxes (even if incorrect
			Reaction with Na O H ₃ C O N O Na ⁺	2	ALLOW ONa OR O ⁻ as alternative to O ⁻ Na ⁺ DO NOT ALLOW O-Na OR O ⁻ Na (i.e. Na without charge) -ONa must be in correct position shown ALLOW for side chain: CH ₃ CONH but aromatic part of structure must be shown IGNORE any additional inorganic products in boxes (even if incorrect)

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2 (c) (ii)	Hydrolysis with NaOH(aq) H ₃ C — C — O · Na + H ₂ N — O · Na + Mark independently	2	On BOTH structures, ALLOW ONa OR O ⁻ as alternative to O ⁻ Na ⁺ DO NOT ALLOW O–Na OR O ⁻ Na (i.e. Na without charge) -ONa must be in correct position shown on 2nd structure ALLOW CH ₃ COONa/ CH ₃ CO ₂ Na OR CH ₃ COO ⁻ / CH ₃ CO ₂ ⁻ ALLOW one mark for carboxylic acid AND phenol, rather than sodium salts: O H ₂ N ALLOW NH ₂ -, CH ₃ - IGNORE any additional inorganic products in boxes (even if incorrect)
	Total	15	,

PMT

Q	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	One mark is for positive carbonyl test	IVIGIR	Cuidanos
3	(a)	(1)	(Add) 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine AND orange/yellow/red precipitate ✓		ALLOW errors in spelling ALLOW 2,4(-)DNP OR 2,4(-)DNPH ALLOW Brady's reagent or Brady's Test ALLOW solid OR crystals OR ppt as alternatives for precipitate
			One mark is for negative aldehyde test EITHER (Add) Tellens' reagent/Tellens' test		ALLOW AgNO ₃ /NH ₃ (Formulae must be correct) OR ammoniacal silver nitrate
			(Add) Tollens' reagent/Tollens' test AND no change OR no reaction OR no silver (mirror)		ALLOW Fehling's solution OR Benedict's solution AND no (brick-red) precipitate
					ALLOW any response that implies that nothing happens ie no change OR no reaction OR no silver (mirror)
					ALLOW 'the aldehyde/pentanal gives a silver mirror'
			OR (Add) H ₂ SO ₄ AND K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ AND		ALLOW H ⁺ AND Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ (Formulae must be correct)
			no change OR no reaction OR no green colour ✓	2	ALLOW any response that implies that nothing happens
				_	IGNORE responses using NaBH ₄ (as no observations)
		(ii)	1st mark Take melting point of orange crystals/derivative/product from 2,4-DNP ✓		NOTE: a(ii) is marked completely independently of a(i)
			2nd mark Compare melting point with known values OR		Mark independently of response for 1st mark
			compare melting point with value in database/reference book ✓	2	DO NOT ALLOW 1st or 2nd marks for taking and comparing boiling points OR chromatograms

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3 (b) (i)	Synthesis 1 H H O	6	NOTE: ALL Structures MUST have Hs shown IGNORE bond angles DO NOT ALLOW more than one repeat unit IGNORE brackets and 'n' ALLOW terminal O— on right (OR C=O on left), i.e. H H O C—C—C—O— H H ALLOW end bonds shown as DO NOT ALLOW if structure has no end bonds
	Synthesis 2		
	H COOH V		
	H C H CH ₂ OH ✓		

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C	Questi	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
			Synthesis 3 H H H H O H O H H H H H H H H		Mark each structure independently HO- must be connected correctly on BOTH structures
			H H H O H O H O H U H H H H H H H H H H		DO NOT ALLOW more repeat units IGNORE brackets and 'n' ALLOW terminal O— on right (OR C=O on left), i.e. HHHHHHOHHOHHOHHOHHH C—————————————————
3	(b)	(ii)	Synthesis 1: condensation AND	1	All three correct responses required for the mark
			Synthesis 2: addition AND Synthesis 3: condensation ✓		
			Total	11	

PMT

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
4 (a)		(CH ₃ CO) ₂ O + CH ₃ CH(OH)CH ₃ → CH ₃ COOCH(CH ₃) ₂ + CH ₃ COOH 1st mark Correct structure of ester: CH ₃ COOCH(CH ₃) ₂ ✓ 2nd mark Equation contains correct formulae for (CH ₃ CO) ₂ O, CH ₃ CH(OH)CH ₃ AND CH ₃ COOH ✓	2	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae ALLOW (CH ₃) ₂ CHOOCCH ₃ OR (CH ₃) ₂ CHOCOCH ₃
(b)	(i)	(relative) solubility ✓	1	IGNORE partition
	(ii)	The esters would have similar retention times AND similar structures/molecules OR same functional groups OR similar polarities OR similar solubilities ✓ Alcohol would have short retention time AND alkane would have long retention time ✓	2	IGNORE similar properties

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4 (c)	Elemental analysis and molecular formula – 2 marks Use of percentages (to find EF) AND 144 ✓ Molecular formula = C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₂ ✓	2 marks	ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED Working C:H:O = 66.63/12:11.18/1:22.19/16 5.5525:11.18:1.386875 4:8:1 Alternative method: carbon: (144 x 66.63/100)/12 = 8 hydrogen: (144 x 11.18/100)/1 = 16 oxygen: (144 x 22.19/100)/16 = 2
	ester structure – 4 marks CH ₃ O H ₃ C CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₃ V/V/V	4 marks	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous NO ECF from earlier structures If not fully correct award following marks: If structure an ester of formula C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₂ OR the organic structure contains C(CH ₃) ₃ ✓ If structure is an ester of formula C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₂ AND ester contains C(CH ₃) ₃ ✓ If structure is an ester of formula C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₂ AND ester contains O−CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ AND ester contains CH ₃ CH ₂ COO ✓ ✓ ✓ i.e. If the ester link is reversed CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ IGNORE any name

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	NMR analysis – 4 marks		 NOTE: Each peak can be identified from: its δ value: ± 0.2 ppm a range, eg 'the peak between 2 and 3' its relative peak area (CARE two peaks have an area of 2) its splitting (CARE: two peaks are singlets) labelling on the spectrum
	Triplet (at δ 1.3) shows an adjacent CH₂ OR triplet (at δ 1.3) shows (C with) 2 adjacent Hs/protons ✓ (because of splitting: so triplet)		QWC: triplet must be spelled correctly ALLOW neighbouring Hs for adjacent to Hs
	Peak at (δ) 2.2 shows H adjacent to C=O AND adjacent to (C with) no hydrogens ✓ (because of no splitting: so singlet)		For peak at (δ) 2.2 ALLOW singlet at (δ) 2.2 ALLOW singlet labelled 2
	Peak at (δ) 4.2 shows H–C–O AND adjacent CH ₃ OR 3 adjacent Hs/protons ✓ (because of splitting: so quartet)		For peak at (δ) 4.2 ALLOW quartet (labelled 2)
	Peak at (δ) 0.9 show 3 x CH ₃ \checkmark (because of singlet and area 9)	4 marks	Check back for any responses added to spectra ADD ^ MARK TO THE SPECTRUM PAGE TO SHOW THAT IT HAS BEEN LOOKED AT
	Total for 4(c)	10	
	Total	15	

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